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UNDP Chile’s work on anti-corruption
Content of the presentation

• UN Anti-Corruption work in Chile
• Chile’s approach to AC
• SDGs and their impact on the AC Agenda
• Lessons learned, what can be replicated from the Chilean experience
Before SDGs 2007 - 2015

UNCAC Assessments

Public – Private Networks

Public Campaigns Advocacy
Anti Corruption Public – Private Alliance

• The “UNCAC Participatory and Representative Self-Assessment” using UNDP designed methodology. Project began in March 2012 to prepare for UNCAC peer review of chapters II and V.

• On 2014, the first working group was established, with both public and private institutions. To date, there are 27 members: 15 state institutions including the Judiciary, Congress, General Audit, all major NGOs working on transparency and ethics, private sector organizations.

• The Alliance went on to work on
  • Advocacy, public campaigns
  • Training of public officials and private companies
Focus on prevention

• Systems of integrity – Ethics code

  ▪ Develop a methodology to follow UNCAC’s recommendation in article 7: Systems of integrity

  ▪ Assist 257 public institutions in developing codes of ethics begin systems of integrity
Chile approach to Anti-Corruption

• Not one single AC organism but focus on autonomy and strength of system of state institutions, many independent of the executive

• Gradual improvement of legislative and administrative norms to meet international standards

• Quick reaction to scandals: 2015 set up high level Presidential Council to make proposals to confront conflicts of interests, traffic of influences and corruption.

• 2016 - 2017: Comprehensive transformation of Political financing
Anti-Corruption meets SDGS

- Ongoing work with Anti Corruption Alliance to integrate UNCAC with SDGs
- Support Chile National Comptrollership’s and regional network OLACEF
- High level international seminars to bring best practices and experiences regarding mainstreaming AC in developing policies and institutions
- Expand Integrity systems and codes of ethics to autonomous state institutions
  - National Congress
  - National Prosecutor
  - Electoral Service
Lessons learned and best practices from Chile

1. Long lasting public-private alliances

2. BUT need to cease windows of opportunity as happened in Chile 2015. React to scandals, use public outcry to push hardest reforms

3. Reforms need solid technical diagnosis and proposals that can not be improvised

4. Invest as much (or more) in strengthening “regular” state institutions as anti-corruption bodies or policies.
For more information

- UNCAC in Chile: [http://www.alianzaanticorrupcion.cl](http://www.alianzaanticorrupcion.cl)
  - Watch the video
  - UNCAC participatory self-assessment (in English):
- Public [Ethics Codes](http://www.cl.undp.org/) experience
- Proposals made by the presidential [Anti Corruption Council](http://www.cl.undp.org/) in 205